## United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit



# BRIEF FOR APPELLEE

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE SECOND CIRCUIT

TIVIS TROIT HAWKINS II,

Plaintiff-Appellant, :

-against-

HON. J. E. LaVALLES, Superintendent, Clinton Correctional Facility,

T. J. O'CONNOR, Secretary, Institutional Media Review Committee,

COMMISSIONER OF CORRECTIONAL SERVICES, :

RONALD HADDAD, Administrative :
Assistant, Program Services,
Department of Correctional Services,

Defendants-Appellees. :

BRIEF FOR DEFENDANTS-APPELLEES

LOUIS J. LEFKOWITZ
Attorney General of the
State of New York
Attorney for DefendantsAppellees
Office & P.O. Address
Two World Trade Center
New York, New York 10047
Tel. No. (212) 488-3068

SAMUEL A. HIRSHOWITZ First Assistant Attorney General

GERALD J. RYAN . Assistant Attorney General of Counsel





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Defendants-Appellees.

### BRIEF FOR DEFENDANTS-APPELLEES

Plaintiff-appellant appeal from a decision of the United States District Court for the Northern District of New York (Port, J.) dated January 28, 1976, dismissing sua sponte plaintiff's civil rights complaint.

### Question Presented

1. Whether the Court lacks personal jurisdiction over the defendants-appellees in this suit for damages, where they have not been served nor have they appeared in this action?

## Preliminary Statement

Appellant, who is presently an inmate at Clinton Correctional Facility, instituted an action in the United States District Court for the Northern District of New York pursuant to Title 42 U.S.C. § 1983 alleging a deprivation of his civil rights. The defendants were never served with a summons or a complaint and therefore did not submit a response. In his complaint, plaintiff-appellant alleges that the mail censorship guidelines have been applied in derogation of his substantive First Amendment rights and that the administrative actions in question are defective for failure to provide due process.

While granting Hawkins leave to proceed in forma pauperis, the lower court "denied and dismissed" the complaint, holding that the materials received by Hawkins in the past, allegedly of the exact nature as the materials withheld, were "hard-core" pornography not within thy protection of the

First Am indment. The lower court found that the materials were rejected on the ground that they were entirely without redeeming social value, sufficient reason for their rejection. The lower court stated that whether the Guideline prohibited material appealing to prurient interest was not a critical factor. The District Court (Port, J.), without directing that the defendants be served or submit a response, dismissed the complaint.

### ARGUMENT

THE COURT LACKS PERSONAL JURIS-DICTION OVER THE DEFENDANTS-APPELLEES IN THAT THEY HAVE NOT BEEN SERVED NOR HAVE THEY APPEARED IN THIS ACTION.

The record indicates that no summonses were issued or served on any of the defendants. No motion or answer was requested, or submitted by any of the defendants. The District Court dismissed the case <u>sua sponte</u> after granting plaintiff leave to proceed <u>in forma pauperis</u>. Thus it is clear, pursuant

to Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure -- which requires service of process upon each defendant -- that the Court lacks personal jurisdiction. It is well settled that a dispute is not within the jurisdiction of the Court unless the defendant is before such Court by reason of a general appearance or a valid service of process. As the Supreme Court stated in Employers Corp. v. Bryant, 299 U.S. 374, 380 (1937):

"By repeated decisions in this Court it has been adjudged that the presence of the defendant in a suit in personam ... is an essential element of the jurisdiction of a district ... court as a federal court, and that in the absence of this element the court is powerless to proceed to an adjudication." (footnote omitted).

In the case at bar none of the defendants have been served nor have they appeared in this action. The Court has not acquired jurisdiction and accordingly the appeal should be dismissed. Lewis v. Ward, No. 76-2061 (2nd Cir. Oct. 27, 1976).

### CONCLUSION

THE APPEAL SHOULD BE DISMISSED AND THE CASE REMANDED TO THE DISTRICT COURT WITH AN ORDER TO VACATE THE DECISION FOR LACK OF JURISDICTION.

Dated: New York, New York November 12, 1976

Respectfully submitted,

LOUIS J. LEFKOWITZ
Attorney General of the
State of New York
Attorney for DefendantsAppellees

SAMUEL A. HIRSHOWITZ First Assistant Attorney General

GERALD J. RYAN
Assistant Attorney General
of Counsel



STATE OF NEW YORK )
: SS.:
COUNTY OF NEW YORK )

Rosalba Federici , being duly sworn, deposes and says that she is employed in the office of the Attorney General of the State of New York, attorney for Defendants-Appellees herein. On the 12th day of NOVEMBER , 1976 , s he served the annexed upon the following named person :

PAULA A. SWEENEY Attorney for Plaintiff-Appellant 23rd Floor 30 Rockefeller Plaza New York, New York 10020

Attorney in the within entitled Appeal by depositing a true and correct copy thereof, properly enclosed in a post-paid wrapper, in a post-office box regularly maintained by the Government of the United States at Two World Trade Center, New York, New York 10047, directed to said Attorney at the address within the State designated by her for that purpose.

Correba Federice

Sworn to before me this
12th day of NOVEMBER , 1976

Assistant Attorney General of the State of New York